Klausurmantel

Eignungsprüfung für beruflich Qualifizierte 2022



Aufsichtsarbeit Englisch

Nachname, Vorname:	Datum: 21.03.2022										
Gesamtbearbeitungszeit: 120 Minuten											
Die Klausur besteht aus 1 Klausur-Teil(en).											
Die Klausur hat 3 Seiten (exkl. diese Sei	e)										
Zugelassene Hilfsmittel											
Unterlagen:	Formelsammlungen:										
🖂 keine Unterlagen	□ Mathematik gymnasiale Oberstufe										
□ folgende Bücher/Gesetze/: (bitte explizit benenn	en) 🗆 Physik gymnasiale Oberstufe										
	□ folgende Formelsammlungen: (bitte explizit benennen)										
Taschenrechner:											
nicht programmierbarer Taschenrechner	mit eigener Kommentierung										
programmierbarer Taschenrechner	\Box unbearbeitet, druckfrisch										
Punkteverteilung und Bewertung (von dem*de	r Prüfer*in auszufüllen)										
Aufgabe 1.1 1.2 1.3 2. 2. 3.	Summe Note ¹										

Aufgabe	1.1	1.2	1.3	2	2	3					Summe	Note ¹
Max. Punkte												
Erreichte Punkte												

Unterschrift Prüfer*in:

Wichtige Hinweise

- Bitte lesen Sie die Aufgaben zuerst in Ruhe durch.
- Bitte versehen Sie alle Lösungsbögen mit Ihrem Vor- und Nachnamen und nummerieren Sie diese fortlaufend.
- Versuchen Sie in Ihrem eigenen Interesse sauber zu schreiben.
- Bitte verwenden Sie zur Beantwortung und Bearbeitung jeglicher Pr
 üfungsaufgaben, auch bei Zeichnungen und Skizzen, ausschlie
 ßlich einen dokumentenechten Stift (z. B. Kugelschreiber, Fineliner etc. – KEINEN Bleistift!)
- Die Aufgabenblätter der Klausur dürfen in keiner Weise heruntergeladen, gespeichert, ausgedruckt oder vervielfältigt werden!

Viel Erfolg

¹ Bitte auf ganze oder halbe Noten gerundet angeben.

NATO concerned over Europe's energy security amid standoff with Russia

Europe needs to diversify its energy supplies, the head of NATO said on Sunday, as Britain warned it was "highly likely" that Russia, the continent's biggest natural gas supplier, was looking to invade Ukraine.

Russia has massed some 120,000 troops near its neighbor and demanded the western defense alliance withdraw troops and weapons from eastern Europe and bar Ukraine, a former Soviet state, from ever joining the Western defense alliance.

U.S. officials have said Russia's military buildup has expanded to include supplies to treat casualties of any conflict. Across the border in Ukraine, locals trained as army reservists as the government scrambled to prepare.

Moscow denies any plan to invade but said on Sunday it would ask NATO to clarify whether it intends to implement key security commitments, after earlier saying the alliance's response to its demands did not go far enough.

"If they do not intend to do so, then they should explain why," Russian Foreign Minister Sergei Lavrov said on state television. "This will be a key question in determining our future proposals." In a sign of the tensions, Canada said on Sunday it was temporarily withdrawing non-essential personnel from its embassy in Ukraine but added that the embassy would remain open.

The United States, which has threatened Russia with major new sanctions if it invades Ukraine, has said it is waiting to hear back from Moscow. It says NATO will not withdraw from eastern Europe or bar Ukraine from joining, but it is prepared to discuss topics such as arms control and confidence-building measures.

U.S. senators are very close to agreeing on sanctions legislation, the two leading lawmakers working on the bill said on Sunday. Measures include targeting the most significant Russian banks and Russian sovereign debt as well as offering more lethal assistance to Ukraine. Some of the sanctions in the bill could take effect before any invasion because of what Russia has already done, said U.S. Senators Bob Menendez, the Democratic chairman of the Senate Foreign Relations Committee. He pointed to cyberattacks on Ukraine, false flag operations and efforts to undermine the Ukrainian government from within.

Washington has spent weeks trying to build agreements with European partners on a strong sanctions package, but the issue is divisive, with Germany urging "prudence".

The European Union depends on Russia for around a third of its gas supplies and any interruption would exacerbate an existing energy crisis caused by a shortage.

"We are concerned about the energy situation in Europe because it demonstrates the vulnerability of being too dependent on one supplier of natural gas and that's the reason why NATO allies agree that we need to work and focus on diversification of supplies," NATO Secretary-General Jens Stoltenberg said.

LONDON EYES WIDER SANCTIONS

Ukrainian President Volodymyr Zelenskiy told international reporters on Friday that there had been no further escalation of tensions with Russia. "We don't need panic," he said.

On Sunday, a White House official said the Biden administration understood the difficult situation Zelenskiy was in and the pressure he was under.

"At the same time he's downplaying the risk of invasion, he's asking for hundreds of millions of dollars in weapons to defend against one," the White House official said. "We think it's important to be open and candid about that threat."

Britain said on Sunday it would expand the scope of its own possible sanctions in legislation this week to deter Russian President Vladimir Putin.

"We think it's highly likely that he is looking to invade Ukraine. That is why we're doing all we can through deterrence and diplomacy, to urge him to desist," Foreign Secretary Liz Truss told BBC television.

Truss, who is due to visit both Ukraine and Russia in the next two weeks, told Sky News the legislation would enable Britain to hit a much wider variety of targets.

Asked if the new powers could include the ability to seize property in London, Truss said: "Nothing is off the table."

The Center for American Progress, a U.S. think tank, has said Britain would face a challenge uprooting wealthy Russians with Kremlin links from London given close ties "between Russian money and the United Kingdom's ruling Conservative Party, the press, and its real estate and financial industry".

Asked about this, Truss said: "There's a real threat here to freedom and democracy in Europe. And that is more important than short-term economic gains, both for the United Kingdom but also for our European allies."

https://www.reuters.com/world/nato-calls-europe-diversify-energy-supply-amid-standoff-with-russia-2022-01-30/

Anforderungsbereich 1: Reproduktion und Textverstehen

- 1. What has Russia demanded from the western defense alliance?
- 2. What did Bob Mendez say about some of the measures?
- 3. What did Ukrainian President Zelenskiy tell international reporters?

Anforderungsbereich 2: Analyse (2 Fragen auswählen)

- 1. Analyze the different positions in regards to the conflict described in the text.
- 2. Describe the challenges Britain would face uprooting wealthy Russians.
- 3. Summarize the different possibilities in dealing with the stated conflict of interests in Ukraine.

Anforderungsbereich 3: Werten & Gestalten (1 Frage auswählen)

- 1. Evaluate the US & Russian positions in regards to Ukraine's future.
- 2. State your opinion on the eastward expansion of NATO into Ukraine.
- 3. Discuss what could be done to resolve this conflict non-militarily.

To mass	Sich anhäufen/ansammeln
To demand	verlangen
To withdraw	zurückziehen
To bar	sperren/verbieten
To treat	behandeln
casualty	Opfer
To scramble	rennen/hasten
To denie	verleugnen
To clarify	klären
To intend	wollen
commitment	Verpflichtung
To determine	entscheiden
embassy	(diplomatische) Botschaft
To threaten	bedrohen
debt	Schulden
To urge	drängen
prudence	Vorsicht
To exacerbate	Etwas verschlimmern
further	weiter
candid	aufrichtig
scope	Rahmen
To deter	abschrecken
To seize	ergreifen
To uproot	entwurzeln
Real estate	Grundbesitz/Immobilie